# Drumstick (Moringa oleifera)

#### **Care Instructions**

- Requires full sunlight and well-drained soil.
- Water moderately; avoid overwatering.
- Prune regularly to promote growth.
- Grows well in tropical and subtropical climates.

## **Ecological Benefits**

- Leaves enrich soil as green manure.
- Provides shade and reduces soil erosion.
- Acts as a natural pesticide due to antibacterial properties.

## **Other Interesting Details**

- Known as the "Miracle Tree" due to its high nutritional value.
- Every part (leaves, pods, seeds) is used in cooking or medicine.

# Tamarind (Tamarindus indica)

#### **Care Instructions**

- Needs full sun and deep, loamy soil.
- Water during dry periods but is drought-tolerant once established.
- Mulch around base to retain moisture.
- · Avoid waterlogging.

#### **Ecological Benefits**

- Fixes nitrogen in the soil.
- Provides habitat and food for birds and pollinators.
- Its dense canopy helps in carbon sequestration.

#### **Other Interesting Details**

- Tamarind pulp is used in cuisines worldwide.
- The wood is strong and used for furniture and tools.

# **&** Rosemary (Salvia Rosmarinus)

#### **Care Instructions**

• Prefers well-drained, sandy soil and full sunlight.

- Water only when soil is dry.
- Trim regularly to maintain shape and encourage bushy growth.

## **Ecological Benefits**

- Attracts bees and other pollinators.
- Acts as a companion plant deterring harmful insects.
- Drought-tolerant and low maintenance.

## **Other Interesting Details**

- Aromatic leaves used in cooking and herbal remedies.
- Symbol of remembrance and used in ceremonial traditions.